

Eagle  
Gull

① Do nothing and hope

① When out of memory : • identify heap objects not in use  
 • shift all in-use objects (live objects) left to  
 shift all free memory right  
 • update heap-cursor } garbage collection

Requires : • allocate GC words w/ each heap object  
 • how much memory is in use and size of heap  
 • distinguish pointers from other data

Guaiabero

② Assume each tuple/closure is like malloc

Add "free (<expr>)" to language

Manual  
Memory  
Management

let t = (5, 6) in  
 let n = t[0] in  
 let junk = free(t) in  
 n

accounting structure:

track free blocks

initially: heap is all free

allocation carves pieces off

free creates new blocks  
and coalesces adjacent blocks

