new - allocate memory

delete thing
delete[] array

Classes have fixed numbers of fields.

Array Operations

- Update contents by index `a[2] = 4;`
- Access contents by index `a[2]`

Can't

Ask size

Grow or shrink

Automatically check indices

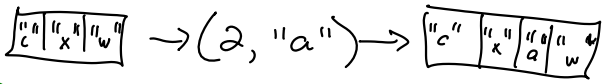
ADTs (abstract data types)

templatization (template)

List<T>

interface: how you use the ADT

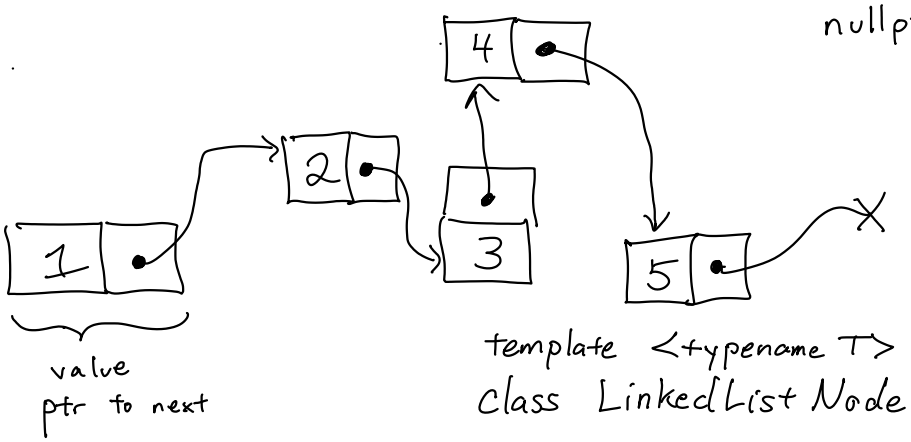
- int size() : how many elements are in the list?
- void insertAtTail(T s) : adds an element to the end of the list
- int find(T s)
- void remove(int index)
- void insertAtIndex(int idx, T s)
- string get(int idx)
- void set(int idx, T s)
- void insertAtHead
- void removeTail



check indices!

LinkedList is a kind of List

Poodle is a kind of Dog



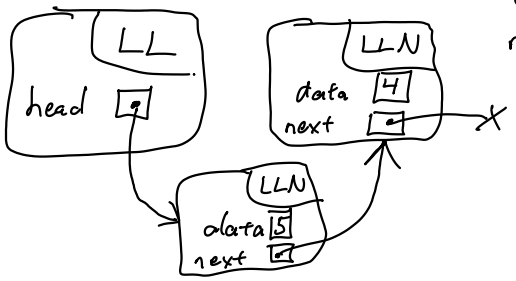

```
template ....
class LinkedList<T> : public List<T>{
  public:
    ...
  private:
    LinkedListNode<T>* head;
```

```
template <typename T>
class LinkedListNode<T> {
  private:
    T data;
    LinkedListNode<T>* next;
  public:
    T getData()
    ...
}
```

Method insertAtHead(T value):

```
LinkedListNode* nh ← new LLN
nh → setData(value);
nh → setNext(this → head);
this → head ← nh;
```

make sure: works both w/ empty & non-empty

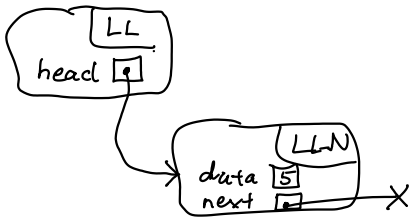


Method getSize():

```
acc ← 0
nodeptr ← head
While nodeptr ≠ null:
  acc ← acc + 1
  nodeptr ← nodeptr → next
EndWhile
Return acc
```

End Method

O(n)



Alternative version of size:

LinkedList fields

Node* head
int size

insert: does insertion & size++

getSize O(1)

Invariant —— statement which is always true

size = length of the chain starting at head