

# W10L1 reductions

Monday, April 6, 2020 9:11

## Announcements:

- quiz this week! you'll get an email and it will be announced on Piazza -- make sure you complete it by Friday
- pass-the-baton is back (modified)

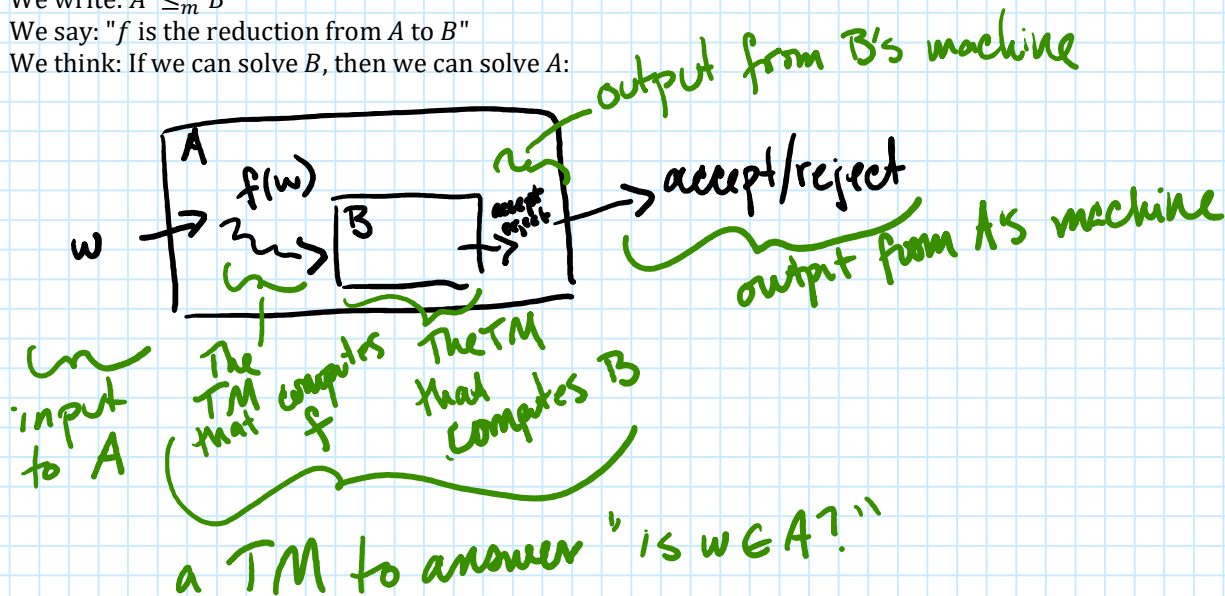
Def: A function  $f: \Sigma^* \rightarrow \Sigma^*$  is **computable** iff there is some Turing machine  $M$  which on every input  $w$  eventually halts with just  $f(w)$  on the tape.

Def: For two languages  $A$  and  $B$ , we will say that  $A$  is **mapping-reducible** to  $B$  if there is a computable function  $f$  such that  $\forall w, w \in A \Leftrightarrow f(w) \in B$ .

We write:  $A \leq_m B$

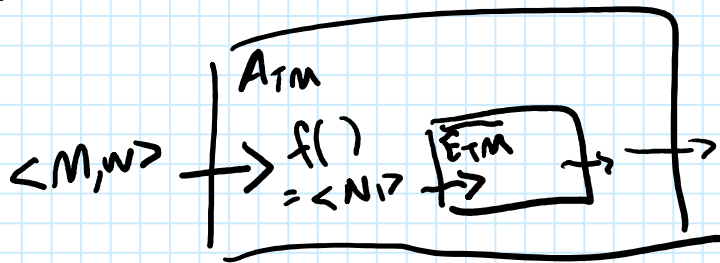
We say: " $f$  is the reduction from  $A$  to  $B$ "

We think: If we can solve  $B$ , then we can solve  $A$ :

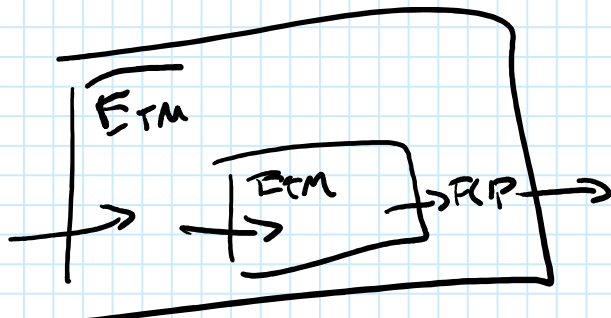


We showed:

$$f(\langle M, w \rangle) = \langle N, 1 \rangle$$

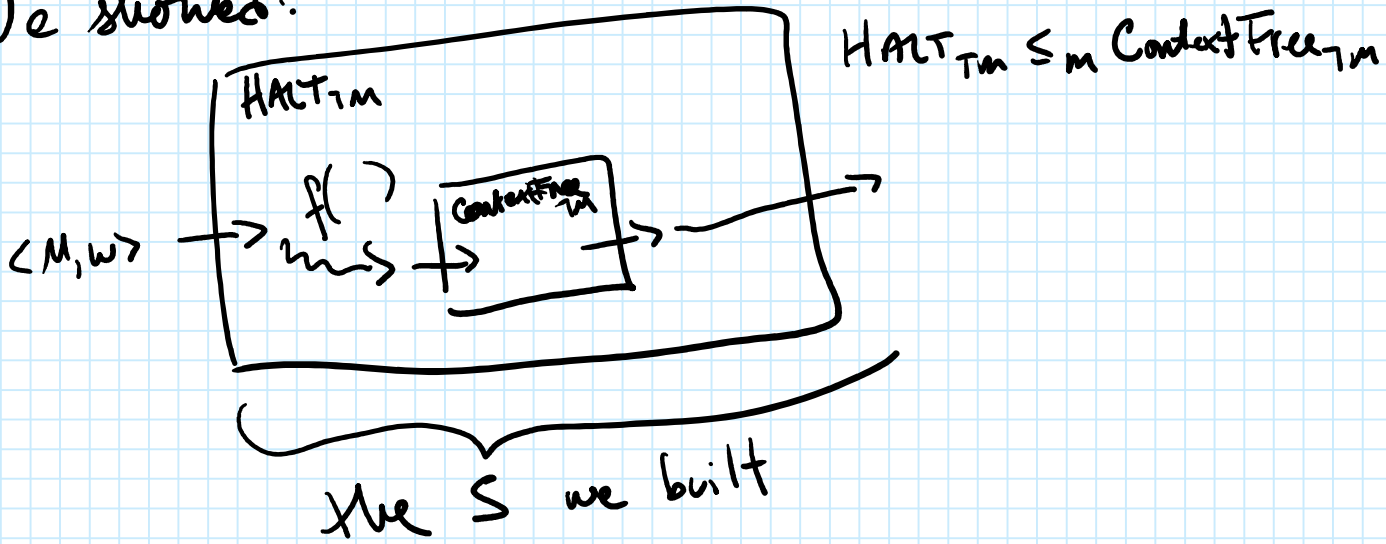


$$\begin{aligned} \langle M, w \rangle \in A_{TM} &\iff \langle N, 1 \rangle \notin E_{TM} \\ \langle M, w \rangle \notin A_{TM} &\iff \langle N, 1 \rangle \in \overline{E_{TM}} \end{aligned}$$



$T \rightarrow$

We showed:



$$f(\langle M, w \rangle) = \langle N_2 \rangle$$