CS41 Lab 9

November 2017

This week, we've been discussing ways to classify problems according to their difficulty ("computational complexity"), using the notions of polynomial-time reduction, polynomial-time verifier, and NP-completeness. In this lab, we'll look at two NP-COMPLETE problems.

Recall that to show a problem $A \in \text{NP-COMPLETE}$, it suffices to:

- Prove that $A \in NP$.
- Choose a problem *B* known to be NP-COMPLETE.
- Reduce $B \leq_{\mathbf{P}} A$.

During this lab, focus initially on the reductions, and not the formal proofs.

- 1. Show that $3\text{-SAT} \in \text{NP-COMPLETE}$, by reducing from SAT. Given an instance X of SAT (i.e., a list of n variables and m clauses), you should create an instance Y of 3-SAT (i.e., a list of n' variables and m' clauses, each clause having three literals) such that $Y \in 3\text{-SAT}$ iff $X \in \text{SAT}$.
- 2. In the third exercise, you will show that THREE-COLORING is NP-COMPLETE. Before getting there, it will be helpful to create some interesting three-colorable graphs. In all of the following exercises, you are to create a three-colorable graph (say the colors are red, blue, green) with certain special properties. The graphs you create should include three vertices marked a, b, c but can (and often will) include other vertices. Except for the properties specified, these vertices should be *unconstrained*. For example, unless the problem states that e.g. a cannot be red, it must be possible to color the graph in such a way that a is red. (You may fix colors for other vertices, just not a, b, c, and not in a way that constrains the colors of a, b, c.)
 - (a) Create a graph such that a, b, c all have different colors.
 - (b) Create a graph such that a, b, c all have the same color.
 - (c) Create a graph such that a, b, c do NOT all have the same color.
 - (d) Create a graph such that none of a, b, c can be green.
 - (e) Create a graph such that none of a, b, c are green, and they cannot all be blue.
- 3. Show that THREE-COLORING \in NP-COMPLETE.

(Hints: reduce from 3-SAT. Associate the color red with TRUE and the color blue with FALSE.)