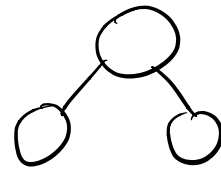
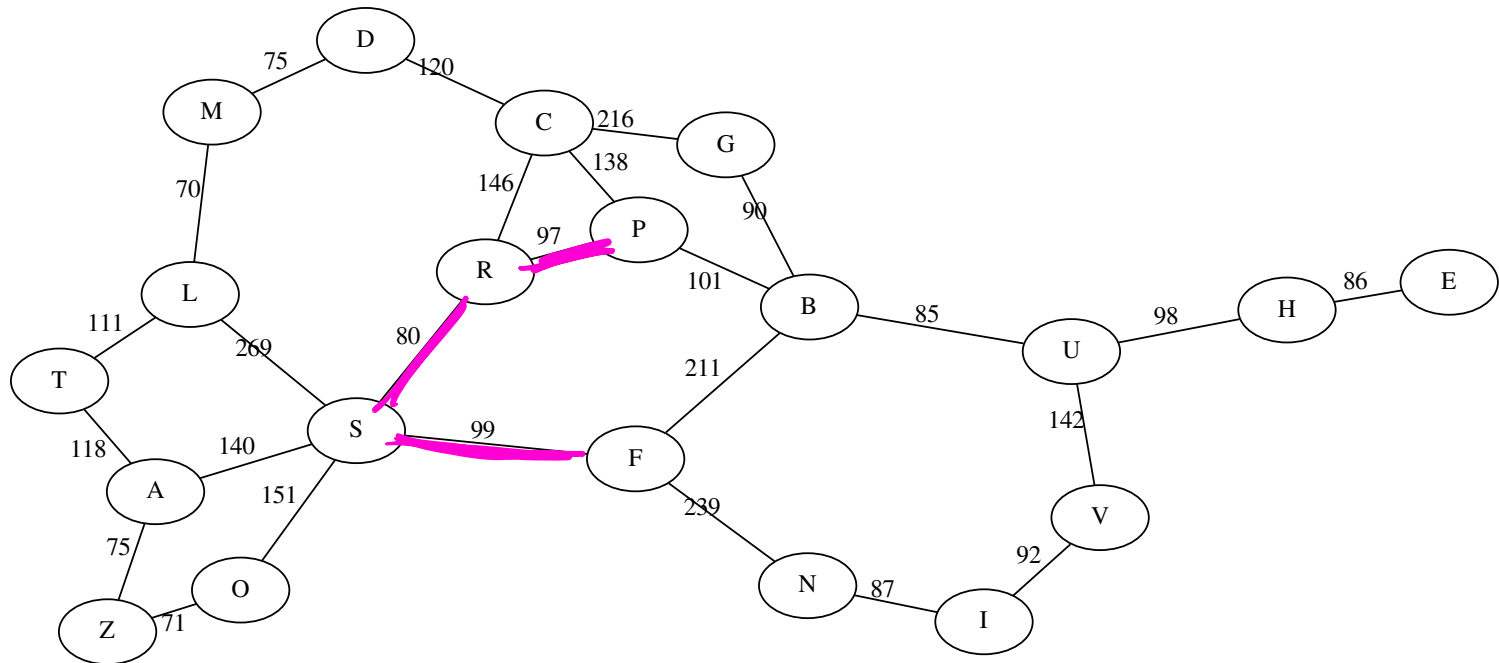


Dijkstra's algorithm  
single-source shortest path

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Minimum Spanning Tree





Sort by weight

for each edge in decreasing order  
delete if still connected

Reverse-delete

Prim's

pick a node

repeat: add the cheapest

edge that expands the component

Kruskal's

sort edges

in increasing order:

add edge unless it's redundant

	<p>→ expand from 1 vertex</p> <p>Prim's</p>	<p>→ insert in increasing order</p> <p>Kruskal's</p>	<p>→ delete in decreasing order</p> <p>Rev-del</p>
$n \cdot$		$m \log m$ $m \cdot (\text{lookup cost})$	$m \log m +$ $m \cdot m$ $O(m^2)$
	$ V  = n \quad  E  = m$		

